

WISCONSIN MATHEMATICS, SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TALENT SEARCH

PROBLEM SET II (2012-2013)

November 2012

1. Prove that a prime number cannot be expressed as the sum of two or more consecutive positive odd integers.
2. From a 29×29 grid of unit squares we cut out ninety-nine 2×2 squares consisting the squares of the grid. Show that we can cut out one more!
3. A semicircle has a diameter XY on which points M and N lie. The semicircle contains points A, B, C, D such that $\angle AMX = \angle CMY = \angle BNX = \angle DNY$. Prove that $AC = BD$.
4. We have an infinite sequence of numbers f_1, f_2, f_3, \dots which satisfy

$$f_{\frac{x+y}{3}} = \frac{f_x + f_y}{2}$$

whenever x, y and $\frac{x+y}{3}$ are all positive integers. (f_n denotes the element of the sequence at position n .) How many distinct values can appear in the sequence?

5. Show that

$$3 - \frac{1}{5^{2011}} < \underbrace{\sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \dots + \sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6}}}}}}_{2012 \text{ square roots}} < 3.$$

You are invited to submit a solution even if you get just one problem. Please do not write your solutions on this problem page. Remember that solutions require a proof or justification.

Return To	MATHEMATICS TALENT SEARCH Dept. of Mathematics, 480 Lincoln Drive University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI 53706	Deadline December 1, 2012	
Or Email To	talent@math.wisc.edu		
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